## The 12-step Color Wheel

The 12-step color wheel will provide an opportunity for us to fine tune our skills at mixing color. The result will be a small color wheel that can be used as a tool for understanding and using color in our future artwork.

## Making the Color wheel

- 1. Collect the essential materials:
  - a. Color wheel photocopy
  - b. Small sheet of Bristol board
  - c. Paper fastener
  - d. Scissors
  - e. Glue stick
  - a. Acrylic paint kit
- 2. Cut out the four pieces of the color wheel from the photocopy.
- On a sheet of Bristol board glue all four pieces completely and thoroughly. (Tip: glue the pieces so that at least one side is along an edge of the Bristol board- this way there are fewer cuts to make.)
- 4. Once the glue has dried, cut out all four pieces from the Bristol board stock.
- 5. Using acrylic paint, paint the colors of the color wheel in the appropriate places.
- 6. After the paint dries, attach all four pieces of the color wheel together at the center using the paper fastener. This should be in this order from back to front: Color wheel, Triad spinner, Split Compliment spinner, Compliment spinner.

## Mounting the Color Wheel into your sketchbook:

- 1. Open your sketchbook to a the next page without writing on either side
- 2. Lay the color wheel you just made along the wire binding- it does not matter if it is a left page or right page as you look at your open sketchbook.
- 3. Fold the outside edge over your color wheel and crease the paper neatly. Be sure that the fold does not force the color wheel up over the wire binding.
- 4. Staple or tape this "pocket" you just made at the top *and* at the bottom of the page.

## Authoring the Color wheel Page

- 1. Label the page of your sketchbook "Color Wheel" at the top neatly.
- 2. On this page in full, complete sentences, and in a visually creative way, answer the following question correctly:

Color wheel Questions:

- a. Which colors advance or appear to move toward the viewer?
- b. Which recede, or appear to move away from the viewer into the distance?
- c. Which colors can <u>not</u> be made by mixing any other colors together?
- d. What happens when you mix compliments together?
- e. Which colors when placed next to each other look brighter than they do by themselves?

Media Questions:

- a. Do the colors change from the time they are wet and just mixed to when they dry?
- b. List and define 3 basic acrylic techniques (Hint: use you painting textbook as a reference)